GROUP BM02 FUNGICIDE

HOWLER fungicide

Active Ingredient: Pseudomonas chlororaphis strain AFS0091 50.0%

[†]Contains not less than 1 X 10⁶ CFU/g of product.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION

IF INHALED: Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

IF IN EYES: Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eve. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice

IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING: Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

IF SWALLOWED: Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told by a poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor. You may also contact 1-800-255-3924 for emergency medical treatment information.

Net Weight: EPA Reg. No. 70051-141 EPA Est. No. SEE LABEL BOOKLET FIRST AID Manufactured for: FOR ADDITIONAL Certis USA LLC PRECAUTIONARY 9145 Guilford Road STATEMENTS AND Suite 175 DIRECTIONS FOR USE. Columbia, MD 21046 Biologicals ESL 20220224 Ver 20240514 Lot Number: HOTLINE NUMBER

This is a Specimen Label. It may not reflect the most-recent approved label for use in your state. Always refer to the label on the product packaging for approved use instructions. Please contact your Certis sales representative for more information.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS CAUTION

Harmful if inhaled, absorbed through the skin, or swallowed. Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid breathing dust or spray mist. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

The PPE requirements below pertain to both Worker Protection Standard (WPS uses (in general, agricultural plant uses are covered by the Worker Protection Standard (40 CFR Part 170)) and Non-WPS uses.

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- Long pants and long-sleeved shirt
- · Protective eyewear
- · Waterproof gloves
- Shoes plus socks

Wear a minimum of a NIOSH-approved particulate filtering facepiece respirator with any R, or P filter; OR a NIOSH approved elastomeric particulate respirator with any R, or P filter; OR a NIOSH-approved powered air-purifying respirator with an HE filter. (Repeated exposures to high concentrations of microbial proteins can cause allergic sensitization.)

Follow the manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables are available, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

ENGINEERING CONTROLS

When handlers use closed systems, or enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40CFR 170.607(d) and (e)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

IMPORTANT: When reduced PPE is worn because a closed system is being used, handlers must be provided all PPE specified above for "applicators and other handlers" and have such PPE immediately available for use in an emergency, such as a spill or equipment break-down.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

- Users should remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. The user should wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Users should remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

For terrestrial uses: Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwater or rinsate.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the State or Tribal agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR Part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries and greenhouses and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE), and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted-entry interval (REI) of 4 hours.

Exception: If the product is soil injected or soil incorporated, the Worker Protection Standard under certain circumstances allows workers to enter the treated area if there will be no contact with anything that has been treated.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas (that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated such as plants, soil or water) includes:

- Coveralls
- · Waterproof gloves
- · Shoes plus socks
- · Protective eyewear

NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are **not** within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries, or greenhouses.

Keep unprotected persons out of treated areas until sprays have dried.

Product Information: Howler® EVO fungicide is a biological fungicide containing the active ingredient *Pseudomonas chlororaphis* strain AFS009 for use on growing plants and crops to control or suppress a wide range of foliar and soil borne diseases. Howler® EVO fungicide may be mixed with water and applied in field, greenhouse, or nursery use sites as a foliar spray, soil drench, in furrow spray, transplant spray or dip, cuttings or bare root dip, or hydroponic or chemigation application. It may be mixed with potting mix or applied dry in furrow. Howler® EVO fungicide may be used as a seed piece treatment.

PREVENTATIVE APPLICATIONS FOR PLANT HEALTH AND OPTIMUM DISEASE CONTROL

Howler® EVO fungicide provides benefits that can result in healthier plants. Howler® EVO fungicide colonizes plants preventing the establishment of disease- causing fungi and bacteria. Improved plant health may help the treated plant tolerate environmental stresses such as drought, heat and cold temperatures and ozone damage. Overall increased plant health may improve crop vigor, yield and quality especially under stressful conditions.

- Apply Howler® EVO fungicide as a soil application or foliar spray alone, in alternating spray programs or in tank mixes with other registered crop protection products.
- · Apply Howler® EVO fungicide with spray equipment commonly used for making ground, aerial and chemigation applications.
- Adjust the spray intervals of Howler® EVO fungicide according to the Crop-Specific Use Directions tables depending upon disease pressure and environmental conditions. Heavy rainfall or irrigation shortly after application may require retreatment.
- To enhance performance, consider adding a surfactant that is known to be safe to the target crop to the spray tank to improve penetration and coverage of above-ground portions of the plant.
- · Howler® EVO fungicide is most effectively used in a preventative disease management program.

FUNGICIDE RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT AND IPM:

The PPE requirements below pertain to both Worker Protection Standard (WPS uses (in general, agricultural plant uses are covered by the Worker Protection Standard (40 CFR Part 170)) and Non-WPS uses.

Howler® EVO fungicide is classified as a FRAC group BM02 Fungicide (multiple modes of action and low resistance risk).

Howler® EVO fungicide can be used in tank mixes or rotations to reduce the risk of resistance to other fungicides.

Integrate Howler® EVO fungicide into an overall disease and pest management strategy. Follow practices known to reduce disease development. Consult local agricultural authorities for specific IPM strategies developed for your location and crop(s).

USE INSTRUCTIONS:

Howler® EVO fungicide has been evaluated for phytotoxicity on a variety of crops under various normal growing conditions. However, testing all crop varieties, in all mixtures and combinations, is not feasible. Prior to treating the entire crop, test a small portion of the crop for sensitivity.

Howler[®] EVO fungicide can be applied as a foliar spray, soil drench, soil incorporation, banded spray, broadcast, in-furrow, transplant water or tray drench. Howler[®] EVO fungicide may be used as a seed piece treatment. Howler[®] EVO fungicide can be applied through various types of chemigation application as described in the Chemigation section of this label.

Mixing Directions:

Always add a sufficient volume of water to the mix before adding Howler® EVO fungicide. Constant agitation during mixing and application is necessary to maintain uniform suspension.

For foliar applications, good coverage of the foliage is needed to ensure performance.

Refer to the crop specific portions of the label for proper application instructions for each crop/disease combination. Under light disease pressure, use lower rates and longer intervals. When conditions are conducive to severe disease pressure, use higher rates and shorter intervals. Repeat applications at the intervals specified in the label and use an appropriate Integrated Pest Management program.

Not all tank mixtures with Howler[®] EVO fungicide have been tested. Before using any tank mix, test the combination on a small portion of the crop to ensure that the tank mixture is not phytotoxic to the crop. It is the responsibility of the user to ensure all components of the tank mixture are registered for use on the crop. When applying a tank mixture, the user must follow the instructions of the product with the most restrictive label.

FOLIAR APPLICATION DIRECTIONS:

GROUND:

This product can be applied by commonly used ground equipment such as hose-end and pressurized sprayers. Consult spray nozzle and accessory documentation for specific information on proper equipment calibration. Maintain agitation during mixing and application to assure uniform product suspension. Thorough coverage of all foliage and/or soil surfaces is essential for effective disease control or suppression. Use the application rate indicated for the crop in the Crop-Specific Use Directions tables of this label in sufficient water to achieve thorough coverage. Overall, to achieve good coverage, use proper spray pressure, gallonade per acre, nozzle spacing and ground speed.

AERIAL:

This product can be applied by aerial application. Refer to the Spray Drift Management section of this label for additional directions and precautions. Use the appropriate application rate as indicated for the crop in the Crop-Specific Use Directions tables of this label. To ensure thorough coverage use a minimum of 10 GPA. Reduced spray volumes used in aerial applications may result in physical incompatibility, reduced disease control or crop injury, especially when Howler[®] EVO fungicide is tank mixed with other products.

CHEMIGATION:

This product can be applied through sprinklers including center pivot, lateral move, end tow, side (wheel) roll, traveler, solid set, big gun or hand move irrigation systems. Application through drip irrigation systems is permitted in specific crops if specified on the Crop-Specific Use Directions tables. Refer to the Chemigation Application Directions portion of this label for additional directions and precautions. Maintain agitation during mixing and application to ensure uniform product suspension. Use the appropriate application rate as indicated for the crop in the Crop-Specific Use Directions tables of this label. Use sufficient water to achieve thorough coverage.

GENERAL FOLIAR APPLICATION USE RESTRICTIONS:

- · Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.
- Remove scale, pesticide residues and other foreign matter from the chemical supply tank and entire injector system. Flush with clean water, Failure
 to provide a clean tank that is void of scale or residues may cause Howler® EVO fungicide to lose effectiveness or strength.
- Do not combine Howler[®] EVO fungicide with pesticides, surfactants or fertilizers for application through chemigation equipment unless prior experience has shown the combination to be physically compatible, effective and non-injurious under conditions of use. Howler[®] EVO fungicide has not been fully evaluated for compatibility with all agricultural products.
- Unless prior experience with a specific product, conduct a spray compatibility test if tank mixing with other pesticides, surfactants or fertilizers is planned.

CHEMIGATION APPLICATION DIRECTIONS:

TYPES OF IRRIGATION SYSTEMS

Apply this product only through the following types of equipment:

 Sprinkler irrigation systems including center pivot, lateral move, end tow, side (wheel) roll, traveler, solid set, big gun or hand move. Drip-type and micro-jet irrigation systems also allowed.

Do not apply this product through any other type of irrigation system.

Maintain agitation during mixing and application to ensure uniform product suspension. Use the application rate indicated in the Crop-Specific Use Directions of this label. Use sufficient water to achieve thorough coverage.

UNIFORM WATER DISTRIBUTION AND SYSTEM CALIBRATION

The chemigation system must provide uniform distribution of treated water. Crop injury or lack of effectiveness can result from non-uniform distribution of treated water. The chemigation system must be calibrated to uniformly apply the rates specified in the crop-specific label sections. If you have questions about calibration, you should contact local State Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers or other experts.

CHEMIGATION MONITORING

A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation or under the supervision of the responsible person shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.

REQUIRED SYSTEM SAFETY DEVICES

The system must contain a functional check valve, a vacuum relief valve and a low-pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional automatic quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump. The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed solenoidoperated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down. The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops. The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected. Systems must use a metering pump such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g. diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.

USING WATER FROM PUBLIC WATER SYSTEMS

Do not connect an irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide application to a public water system unless the pesticide labelprescribed safety devices for public water systems are in place.

Public water system means a system for the provision to the public of piped water for human consumption if such system has at least 15 service connections or regularly serves an average of at least 25 individuals daily at least 60 days out of the year. Chemigation systems connected to public water systems must contain a functional reduced-pressure zone (RPZ) backflow preventer or the functional equivalent in the water supply line upsfream from the point of pesticide introduction. As an option to the RPZ, the water from the public waste system should be discharged into a reservoir tank prior to pesticide introduction. There shall be a complete physical break (air gap) between the outlet end of the fill pipe and the top or overflow rim of the reservoir tank of at least twice the inside diameter of the fill pipe. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional automatic quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional normally closed solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down. The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops or in cases where there is no water pump, when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected. Systems must use a metering pump such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g. diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock. Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

INJECTION FOR CHEMIGATION

Inject the specified dosage of Howler® EVO fungicide into the irrigation main water stream: (1) through a constant flow meter device; (2) into the center of the main line flow via a pivot tube or equivalent; (3) at a point ahead of at least one right-angle turn in the mainstream flow such that thorough mixing with the irrigation water is ensured.

CENTER PIVOT, LATERAL MOVE, END TOW, BIG GUN AND TRAVELER IRRIGATION EQUIPMENT (USE ONLY WITH ELECTRIC OR OIL HYDRAULIC DRIVE SYSTEMS THAT PROVIDE A UNIFORM WATER DISTRIBUTION)

- · Determine the size of area to be treated.
- Determine the time required to apply no more than ¼ inch of water (6,750 gallons water per acre) over the area to be treated when the system
 and injection equipment are operated at normal pressures specified by the equipment manufacturer. Run system at 80 to 95% of manufacturer's
 rated capacity.
- · Using only water, determine the injection pump output when operated at normal line pressure.
- · Determine the amount of Howler® EVO fungicide required to treat area.
- · Add required amount of Howler® EVO fungicide and sufficient water to meet the injection time requirements of the solution tank.
- Maintain constant solution tank agitation during the injection period.
- Stop injection equipment after treatment is completed. Continue to operate the system until Howler[®] EVO fungicide solution has cleared the sprinkler head.

SOLID SET, SIDE (WHEEL) ROLL AND HAND MOVE IRRIGATION EQUIPMENT

- · Determined acreage covered by sprinkler
- Fill injector solution tank with water and adjust flow rate to use contents over a 10 to 30 minute interval
- Determine the amount of Howler® EVO fungicide required to treat area.
- · Add the required amount of Howler® EVO fungicide into the same quantity of water used to calibrate the injection equipment.
- · Maintain constant solution tank agitation during the injection period.
- Operate system at normal pressures specified by the manufacturer of the injection equipment and used for the time interval established during calibration.
- Inject Howler[®] EVO fungicide at the end of the irrigation cycle or as a separate application to maximize foliar fungicide retention.
- Stop injection equipment after treatment is completed. Continue to operate the system until Howler® EVO fungicide solution has cleared the last sprinkler head.

FLUSHING AND CLEANING THE CHEMICAL INJECTION SYSTEM

At the end of the application period, allow time for all lines to flush the pesticide through all nozzles or emitters before turning off irrigation water. To ensure the lines are flushed and free of pesticides, a dye indicator may be injected into the lines to mark the end of the application period.

In order to apply pesticides accurately, the chemical injection system must be kept clean and free of chemical or fertilizer residues and sediments. Refer to your owner's manual or ask your equipment supplier for the cleaning procedure for your injection system.

SPRAY DRIFT MANAGEMENT:

The interaction of many equipment and weather-related factors determine the potential for spray drift. The applicator is responsible for considering all of these factors when making application decisions. Consult the local Cooperative Extension for additional information. Avoiding spray drift is the responsibility of the applicator.

DROPLET SIZE

Use the largest droplet size that provides sufficient control and coverage. Higher flow nozzles and lower pressures will produce larger droplets and minimize drift. Low drift and air induction nozzles will provide lower drift potential. Use larger droplet size when applying in hot, dry conditions (droplet evaporation is higher under these conditions thus reducing the effective droplet size and increasing drift potential).

WIND SPEED

Drift potential increases at wind speeds of less than 3 mph (due to inversion potential) or more than 10 mph. Applications during gusty or calm wind conditions should be avoided. However, factors including droplet size, canopy and equipment specifications determine drift potential at any given wind speed. For applications made in-furrow or below soil-level, wind speed restrictions are not applicable.

TEMPERATURE INVERSIONS

Drift potential is high during temperature inversions and applications should be avoided under these conditions. Temperature inversions are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. Temperature inversions begin to form as the sun sets and often continue into the morning. Their presence can be indicated by ground fog. If fog is not present, inversions can also be identified by the movement of smoke or dust from a ground source – smoke or dust that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion.

SENSITIVE AREAS

When applying adjacent to residential areas, bodies of water, habitats known to have threatened or endangered species or non-target crops, drift can be minimized to these areas by making the application when the wind direction is away from these areas.

Where states or local authorities have more stringent regulations, they should be observed.

AIRBLAST (AIR ASSIST) APPLICATIONS FOR TREE CROPS AND VINEYARDS

Airblast sprayers carry droplets into the canopy of trees/vines via a radially or laterally directed air stream. Use the following specific drift management practices:

- · Adjust deflectors and aiming devices so that spray is only directed into the canopy.
- · Block off upward pointed nozzles when there is no overhanging canopy.
- · Use only enough air volume to penetrate the canopy and provide good coverage.
- . Do not allow the spray to go beyond the edge of the cultivated area (i.e. turn off sprayer when turning at end rows).
- · Only spray inward toward the orchard or vineyard for applications to outside rows.

AERIAL APPLICATIONS

- · Mount the spray boom on the aircraft to minimize drift caused by wing tip vortices.
- The minimum practical boom length should be used and should not exceed 75% of the wingspan or rotor diameter.
- Applications should not be made at a height greater than 10 feet above the top of the largest plants unless a greater height is required for aircraft safety.

SOIL APPLICATION DIRECTIONS:

Howler[®] EVO fungicide can be applied to soil either alone or mixed with various registered pest control products and fertilizers. Prior to making field applications of tank mixtures, determine the physical compatibility by mixing a test quantity as described in the Compatibility Testing and Tank Mix Partners section of this label. It is important to maintain agitation of the product mix throughout the application process.

SOIL DRENCH APPLICATIONS

Complete coverage of the root zone and crown are critical for optimum performance. Make a drench application with adequate water volume to drench through the root zone. Make the application prior to infection.

SHANKED-IN AND INJECTED APPLICATIONS

Howler® EVO fungicide can be applied before planting, at planting or after planting of seed or transplants when using shanked-in and injected application equipment.

TRANSPLANT WATER APPLICATIONS

Howler® EVO fungicide can be applied at transplanting by drenching the root ball and/or drenching the planting hole with a solution containing Howler® EVO fungicide.

TRAY DRENCH APPLICATIONS

Transplants can be tray drenched with a solution containing Howler® EVO fungicide prior to transplanting in the field. Tray drench applications can be made in the greenhouse prior to transplanting to allow root colonization of Howler® EVO fungicide.

APPLICATIONS IN HYDROPONIC GROWTH SYSTEMS

Howler® EVO fungicide can be applied in hydroponic growth systems. Follow instructions under greenhouse applications.

BANDED APPLICATIONS

Banded applications can be made after plant emergence. The width of the sprayed band and the width of the unsprayed portion of the row must be considered when calculating the appropriate rate Howler[®] EVO fungicide to apply.

Use the following formula to determine the appropriate rate of Howler® EVO fungicide to use in a banded application:

spray band width (inches) X standard foliar rate/A = banded rate/A total row width (inches)

If a 7.5 inch band will be applied to 15 inch rows and the normal foliar application rate is 20 oz/A, use the following example calculation:

7.5 inch band X 20 oz/A standard foliar rate = 10 oz/A applied in the band.

15 inch row

IN-FURROW APPLICATIONS

Howler® EVO fungicide can be applied at planting as an in-furrow treatment. Follow the instructions listed in Table 1. In-Furrow Soil Application Rates in the Field. Use the appropriate amount of water for the crop.

	TABLE 1. IN-FURROW	SOIL	APPLICATION	RATES IN	THE FIELD
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			Rates for	In-Furrow Ap	plications of	Howler [®] EVO	Fungicide			
	Row Spacing (inches)									
Product Rate/acre (Ibs.)	12	15	20	22	30	32	36	38	40	72
				Rate pe	r 1000 row fe	et (oz wt. of	product)			
0.5	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.6	1.1
1	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.2	2.2
1.5	0.6	0.7	0.9	1.0	1.4	1.5	1.7	1.7	1.8	3.3
2	0.7	0.9	1.2	1.3	1.8	2.0	2.2	2.3	2.4	4.4
2.5	0.9	1.1	1.5	1.7	2.3	2.5	2.8	2.9	3.1	5.5
3	1.1	1.4	1.8	2.0	2.8	2.9	3.3	3.5	3.7	6.6
3.5	1.3	1.6	2.1	2.4	3.2	3.4	3.9	4.1	4.3	7.7
4	1.5	1.8	2.5	2.7	3.7	3.9	4.4	4.7	4.9	8.8
4.5	1.7	2.1	2.8	3.0	4.1	4.4	5.0	5.2	5.5	9.9
5	1.8	2.3	3.1	3.4	4.6	4.9	5.5	5.8	6.1	11.0
5.5	2.0	2.7	3.3	3.8	5.0	5.5	6.0	6.4	6.6	12.1
6.0	2.4	3.0	3.6	4.2	5.4	6.0	6.6	7.0	7.2	13.2
6.5	2.6	3.2	4.0	4.5	5.8	6.5	7.1	7.6	7.8	14.3
7.0	2.8	3.5	4.2	4.9	6.3	7.0	7.7	8.1	8.4	15.3
7.5	3.0	3.7	4.5	5.2	6.7	7.5	8.2	8.7	9.0	16.5

COMPATIBILITY TESTING AND TANK MIX PARTNERS

COMPATIBILITY AND ORDER OF MIXING

Howler[®] EVO fungicide is physically and biologically compatible with many commonly used pesticides, fertilizers, adjuvants and surfactants, but has not been fully evaluated with all products. To ensure compatibility of tank-mix combinations evaluate them prior to use as follows: Using a suitable container, add proportional amounts of product to water. Add wettable powders first, followed by water dispersible granules, then by liquid flowables and lastly, emulsifiable concentrates. Mix thoroughly and let stand for at least five minutes. If the combination stays mixed or can be remixed, it is physically compatible. Test the combination on a small portion of the crop to be treated to ensure that a phytotoxic response does not occur as a result of application.

Do not combine Howler[®] EVO fungicide with pesticides, surfactants or fertilizers where there has been no previous experience or use demonstrating they are physically compatible, effective and non-injurious under your specific use conditions. Conduct a compatibility test if no prior experience.

Howler[®] EVO fungicide may be tank-mixed with other registered pesticides to enhance plant disease control or suppression. This product cannot be mixed with any product with a prohibition against such mixing. When tank-mixing Howler[®] EVO fungicide with other registered pesticides, always read and follow all use directions, restrictions and precautions of both Howler[®] EVO fungicide and the tank-mix partner(s). Use of the resulting tank mix must be in accordance with the more restrictive label limitations and precautions. Do not exceed label dosage rates.

Product Mixing Instructions

- 1. Partially fill the spray tank with clean water and begin agitation.
- 2. Add the specified amount of Howler® EVO fungicide.
- 3. Add other appropriately labeled agricultural products if tank mixing.
- 4. Finish filling the tank to the volume necessary to obtain the proper spray concentration.

It is critical that the spray solution be agitated during mixing and application to assure a uniform suspension. Avoid allowing spray mixture to stand overnight or for prolonged periods of time.

Maintain a spray solution pH between 4.5 and 10.0.

RESTRICTIONS AND LIMITATIONS

- Crop Rotation Restriction None
- Preharvest Interval (PHI) 0 Day
- Not registered for use in California on crops marked with an asterisk (*) in Crop-Specific Use Directions
- · Do not apply to cut fruit or vegetables

CROP-SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS

CROP	TARGET DISEASES	PRODUCT USE RATE PER APPLICATION	APPLICATION DIRECTIONS
Berry and small fruit group (for Grape and Strawberry see Crop-Specific Use Direction Tables)	Foliar Diseases Alternaria fruit rot (<i>Alternaria</i> spp.)	Field Applications 40-120 oz. wt/A (2.5-7.5 lbs./A)	Use higher rate and shorter intervals when disease pressure is high.
Crop-specific Use Direction Tables) Bayberry Bearberry Bilackberry Bilueberry, highbush Blueberry, lowbush Cranberry, lowbush Cranberry, lowbush Cranberry, highbush Currant black Currant black Currant black Currant black Currant black Currant black Currant black Currant black Mulberry Huckleberry Lingonberry Native currant Raspberry, black and red Wild raspberry Cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these	(Anternaria spp.) Anthracnose fruit rot (Colletotrichum spp.) Botrytis blight (Botrytis spp.) Charcoal rot (Macrophomina spp.) Downy mildew (Peronospora spp.) Mummy berry (Monilinia spp.) Neopestalotiopsis* (Neopestalotiopsis spp.) Phomopsis (Phomopsis (Phomopsis spp.) Powdery mildew (Sphaerotheca spp.) Podosphaera spp.) Rust* (Puconiastrum spp.)	(2.5-7.5 IDS/A) Greenhouse Applications 2.5-7.5 Ibs/100 gallons water	Is ingit. Use lower rates when used in tank mixes and/or rotations with other effective fungicides.
	Spur blight (Didymella spp.)		

*Not registered for use in California

CROP-SPECIFIC I	DIR	ECTIONS	(CONTINUED)

CROP	TARGET DISEASES	PRODUCT USE RATE PER APPLICATION	APPLICATION DIRECTIONS
Berries and small fruit subgroups	Soil Diseases Charcoal rot (Macrophomina spp.)	Field Applications 40-120 oz. wt./A (2.5-7.5 lb./A)	See application instruction for in-furrow, shanked-in, injected, tray drench, transplant water or
	Fusarium wilt (<i>Fusarium</i> spp.)	Greenhouse Applications 2.5-7.5 lbs./100 gallons water	soil drench applications.
	Phytophthora root rot (Phytophthora spp.)		
	Pythium damping off (<i>Pythium</i> spp.)		
	Rhizoctonia root rot (Rhizoctonia spp.)		

CROP	TARGET DISEASES	PRODUCT USE RATE PER APPLICATION	APPLICATION DIRECTIONS
Brassica (cole) leafy vegetables Arugula Broccoli. Chinese	Foliar Diseases Alternaria leaf spot (<i>Alternaria</i> spp.)	Field Applications 40-120 oz. wt/A (2.5-7.5 lbs./A)	Begin applications prior to infection and continue on a 5-14 day interval as needed.
Broccoli, Chinese Broccoli raab Cabbage, Abyssinian Cabbage, Chinese, Bok choy Cabbage, seakale Collards Cress, upland Kale Mustard greens Radish, leaves Rape greens Rocket, wild Shepherd's purse Turning greens Watercress Cultivars, varieties, and hybrids of these	(Anthracnose (Collectrichum spp.) Bacterial leaf spot and Bacterial blight (suppression) (<i>Pseudomonas</i> spp.) Black rot (<i>Xanthomonas</i> spp.) Black rot (<i>Xanthomonas</i> spp.) Charcoal rot (<i>Macrophomina</i> spp.) Downy mildew (<i>Peronospora</i> spp.) Pin rot (<i>Alternaria</i> spp.) Powdery mildew (<i>Erysiphe</i> spp.) Southern blight (<i>Sclerotium</i> spp.) Xanthomonas leaf spot (<i>Xanthomonas</i> sep.) (suppression)	(2.3-7.3 lbs/A) Greenhouse Applications 2.5-7.5 lbs/100 gallons water	Interval as needed. Use higher rate and shorter intervals when disease pressure is high. Use lower rates when used in tank mixes and/or rotations with other effective fungicides, Bacterial diseases: Apply 5.0-7.5 fbs/A. Use the lower rate when in a tank mix or in rotation with other fungicides registered against these diseases.

(continued)

CROP	TARGET DISEASES	PRODUCT USE RATE PER APPLICATION	APPLICATION DIRECTIONS
Brassica (cole) leafy vegetables (cont.) Arugula Broccoli, Chinese Broccoli caab Cabbage, Abyssinian Cabbage, Chinese, Bok choy Cabbage, seakale Collards Cress, garden Cress, garden Cress, upland Kale Mustard greens Radish, leaves Rape greens Rocket, wild Shepherd's purse	Soil Diseases Charcoal rot (Macrophomina spp.) Fusarium wilt (Fusarium spp.) Phytophthora root rot (Phytophthora spp.) Pythium damping off (Pythium spp.) Rhizoctonia root rot (Rhizoctonia spp.) White mold (Sclerotinia spp.)		See application instruction for in-furrow, shanked-in, injected, tray drench or soil drench applications.
Turnip greens Watercress Cultivars, varieties, and hybrids of these			

CROP	TARGET DISEASES	PRODUCT USE RATE PER APPLICATION	APPLICATION DIRECTIONS
Bulb vegetables Chive, fresh leaves Chive, Chinese, fresh leaves	Foliar Diseases Botrytis neck rot (<i>Botrytis</i> spp.)	Field Applications 40-120 oz. wt./A (2.5-7.5 lbs./A)	Begin applications prior to infection and continue on a 5-14 day interval as needed.
Daylily, bulb Elegans hosta	Botrytis leaf blight (<i>Botrytis squamosa</i>)	Greenhouse Applications 2.5-7.5 lbs./100 gallons water	Use higher rate and shorter intervals when disease pressure
Garlic, bulb Garlic, great-headed, bulb Garlic, serpent, bulb	Downy mildew (<i>Peronospora</i> spp.)		is high. Use lower rates when used in tank mixes and/or rotations with other
Leek Leek, wild	Pin rot (<i>Alternaria</i> spp.)		effective fungicides.
Lily, bulb Onion, Beltsville bunching Onion, bulb	Powdery mildew (<i>Erysiphe</i> spp.)		
Onion, Chinese, bulb Onion, fresh	Purple blotch (<i>Alternaria porri</i>)		
Onion, green Onion, macrostem	Stemphyllium blight* (Stemphyllium spp.)		
Onion, pearl Onion, potato bulb Onion, tree, tops Onion, Welsh, tops	Soil Diseases Fusarium wilt (<i>Fusarium</i> spp.)	Field Applications 40-120 oz. wt./A (2.5-7.5 lbs./A)	See application instruction for in-furrow, shanked-in, injected, tray drench, transplant water or
Shallot, bulb Shallot, fresh leaves	Phytophthora root rot (Phytophthora spp.)	Greenhouse Applications 2.5-7.5 lbs./100 gallons water	soil drench applications.
Cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these	Pythium damping off (<i>Pythium</i> spp.)		
	Rhizoctonia root rot (Rhizoctonia spp.)		

*Not registered for use in California

CROP	TARGET DISEASES	PRODUCT USE RATE PER APPLICATION	APPLICATION DIRECTIONS
Cereal grains Barley Buckwheat	Foliar Diseases Northern corn leaf blight* (Exserohilum spp.)	Field Applications 40-120 oz. wt./A (2.5-7.5 lbs./A)	Begin foliar applications prior to infection and continue on a 5-14 day interval as needed.
Com Millet, proso Oats Popcorn Rice Rve		Greenhouse Applications 80 oz. wt./100 gallons water	Use higher rate and shorter intervals when disease pressure is high. Use lower rates when used in tank mixes and/or rotations with other effective fungicides.
Sorghum (milo) Teosinte Triticale Wheat Wild rice	Soil Diseases Fusarium wilt (<i>Fusarium</i> spp.) Phytophthora root rot (<i>Phytophthora</i> spp.)	Field Applications 40-120 oz. wt/A (2.5-7.5 lbs./A) Greenhouse Applications 2.5-7.5 lbs./100 gallons water	See application instruction for in-furrow, shanked-in, injected, tray drench, transplant water or soil drench applications.
Cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these	Pythium damping off (<i>Pythium</i> spp.) Rhizoctonia root rot (<i>Rhizoctonia</i> spp.)		

*Not registered for use in California

CROP	TARGET DISEASES	PRODUCT USE RATE PER APPLICATION	APPLICATION DIRECTIONS
Citrus fruit group Citron Citrus hybrids	Foliar Diseases Alternaria leaf spot (<i>Alternaria</i> spp.)	Field Applications 40-120 oz. wt./A (2.5-7.5 lbs./A)	Begin applications prior to infection and continue on a 5-14 day interval as needed.
Grapefruit Kumquat Lemon Lime Orange Pummelo Satsuma mandarin Tangelo Tangerine (mandarin) Cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these	Alternaria decay (Alternaria spp.) Anthracnose (Colletotrichum spp.) Gray mold (Botrytis spp.) Greasy spot (Mycosphaerella spp.) Melanose (Diaporthe spp.) Post bloom fruit drop (Colletotrichum spp.) Scab* (Elsinoe spp.) Sour rot* (Geotrichum spp.)	Greenhouse Applications 2.5-7.5 lbs./100 gallons water	Use higher rate and shorter intervals when disease pressure is high. Use lower rates when used in tank mixes and/or rotations with other effective fungicides.
	Soil Diseases Fusarium wilt (Fusarium spp.) Phytophthora root rot (Phytophthora spp.) Pythium damping off	Field Applications 40-120 oz. wt/A (2.5-7.5 lbs/A) Greenhouse Applications 2.5-7.5 lbs/100 gallons water	See application instruction for in-furrow, shanked-in, injected, tray drench, transplant water or soil drench applications.
	(Pythium spp.) Rhizoctonia root rot (Rhizoctonia spp.)		

*Not registered for use in California

CROP	TARGET DISEASES	PRODUCT USE RATE PER APPLICATION	APPLICATION DIRECTIONS
Coffee	Foliar Diseases Coffee berry disease (Colletotrichum spp.)	Field Applications 40-120 oz. wt./A (2.5-7.5 lbs./A)	Begin applications prior to infection and continue on a 5-14 day interval as needed.
		Greenhouse Applications 2.5-7.5 lbs./100 gallons water	Use higher rate and shorter intervals when disease pressure is high.
			Use lower rates when used in tank mixes and/or rotations with other effective fungicides.
	Soil Diseases Phytophthora root rot (<i>Phytophthora</i> spp.)	Field Applications 80 oz. wt/A (5 lbs./A)	See application instruction for in-furrow, shanked-in, injected, tray drench, transplant water or
	Rhizoctonia root rot (<i>Rhizoctonia</i> spp.)	Greenhouse Applications 2.5-7.5 lbs./100 gallons water	soil drench applications.
CROP	TARGET DISEASES	PRODUCT USE RATE PER APPLICATION	APPLICATION DIRECTIONS
Cotton	Foliar Diseases Alternaria leaf spot (<i>Alternaria</i> spp.)	Field Applications 40-120 oz. wt/A (2.5-7.5 lbs./A)	Begin foliar applications prior to infection and continue on a 5-14 day interval as needed.
	Target spot (Corynespora spp.)	Greenhouse Applications 2.5-7.5 lbs./100 gallons water	Use higher rate and shorter intervals when disease pressure is high.
			Use lower rates when used in tank mixes and/or rotations with other effective fungicides.
	Soil Diseases Phytophthora root rot (Phytophthora spp.)	Field Applications 40-120 oz. wt/A (2.5-7.5 lbs./A)	See application instruction for in-furrow, shanked-in, injected, tray drench, transplant water or
	Rhizoctonia root rot (<i>Rhizoctonia</i> spp.)	Greenhouse Applications 2.5-7.5 lbs./100 gallons water	soil drench applications.

CROP	TARGET DISEASES	PRODUCT USE RATE PER APPLICATION	APPLICATION DIRECTIONS
Cucurbit vegetables Chayote (fruit) Chinese wax gourd	Foliar Diseases Alternaria leaf spot, rot (<i>Alternaria</i> spp.)	Field Applications 40-120 oz. wt./A (2.5-7.5 lbs./A)	Begin applications prior to infection and continue on a 5-14 day interval as needed.
Cucumber Sherkin Gourds Womordica spp.(includes Balsam apple, Balsam pear, Bitter melon, Chinese cucumber) Muskmelon (includes True cantaloupe, Cantaloupe, Casaba, Crenshaw melon, Golden pershaw melon, Honeydew melon, Honey palls, Mango melon, Persian melon, Pineapple melon, Santa Claus melon and Snake melon) Pumpkin Squash, summer (Straightneck squash, Zucchini)	Anthracnose (Colletotrichum spp.) Downy mildew (Pseudoperonospora spp.) Gray mold (Botrytis spp.) Gummy stem blight (Stagonosporopsis spp.) Phytophthora blight (Phytophthora spp.) Powdery mildew (Erysiphe spp. Sphaerotheca spp.) Target Spot (Corynespora spp.)	Greenhouse Applications 2.5-7.5 lbs./100 gallons water	Use higher rate and shorter intervals when disease pressure is high. Use lower rates when used in tank mixes and/or rotations with other effective fungicides.
Squash, winter (includes Butternut squash, Calabaza, Hubbard squash, Acorn squash, Spaghetti squash) Watermelon Cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these	Soll Diseases Charcoal rot (Macrophomina spp.) Fusarium wilt (Fusarium spp.) Phytophthora root rot (Phytophthora spp.) Pythium damping off (Pythium spp.) Rhizoctonia root rot (Rhizoctonia spp.) Southern blight (Athelia/Scleratium spp.)	Field Applications 40-120 oz. wt/A (2.5-7.5 lbs/A) Greenhouse Applications 2.5-7.5 lbs/100 gallons water	See application instruction for in-furrow, shanked-in, injected, tray drench, transplant water or soil drench applications.

CROP	TARGET DISEASES	PRODUCT USE RATE PER APPLICATION	APPLICATION DIRECTIONS
Fruiting vegetables Bell pepper Cocona	Foliar Diseases Anthracnose (<i>Colletotrichum</i> spp.)	Field Applications 40-120 oz. wt/A (2.5-7.5 lbs./A)	Begin foliar applications prior to infection and continue on a 5-14 day interval as needed.
Guona Eggplant Okra Pepino Non-bell pepper Tomatillo Tomato Cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these	Bacterial speck (<i>Pseudomonas</i> spp.) (suppression) Bacterial spot (<i>Xanthomonas</i> spp.) (suppression) Brown spot and Black pit (<i>Alternaria</i> spp.) Early blight (<i>Alternaria</i> spp.) Early blight (<i>Alternaria</i> spp.) Gray mold (<i>Botrytis</i> spp.) Late blight (<i>Phytophthora</i> spp.) (suppression) Powdery mildew (<i>Leveillula</i> spp.) Southern blight (<i>Sclerotium</i> spp.) Target spot (<i>Corynespora</i> spp.)	Greenhouse Applications 2.5-7.5 lbs./100 gallons water	Use higher rate and shorter intervals when disease pressure is high. Use lower rates when used in tank mixes and/or rotations with other effective fungicides. Bacterial diseases: Apply 5.0-7.5 lbs./A. Use the lower rate when in a tank mix or in rotation with other fungicides registered against these diseases.
	Soil Diseases Charcoal rot (Macrophomina spp.) Fusarium wilt (Fusarium wilt (Fusarium spp.) Phytophthora root rot (Phytophthora spp.) Pythium damping off (Pythium gp.) Rhizoctonia root rot (Rhizoctonia spp.) Southern blight (Sclerotium spo.)	Field Applications 40-120 oz. wt/A (2.5-7.5 lbs./A) Greenhouse Applications 2.5-7.5 lbs./100 gallons water	See application instruction for in-furrow, shanked-in, injected, tray drench, transplant water or soil drench applications.

CROP	TARGET DISEASES	PRODUCT USE RATE PER APPLICATION	APPLICATION DIRECTIONS
Grapes	Foliar Diseases Black rot (<i>Guignardia</i> spp.)	Field Applications 40-120 oz. wt./A (2.5-7.5 lbs./A)	Black rot: begin applications prior to infection and continue on a 5-14 day interval as needed.
	Downy mildew* (<i>Plasmopara</i> spp.) Gray mold	Greenhouse Applications 2.5-7.5 lbs./100 gallons water	Downy mildew: begin applications before pre-bloom and continue on a 5-14 day interval as needed.
	(<i>Botrytis</i> spp.) Phomopsis		Use higher rate and shorter intervals when disease pressure
	(Phomopsis spp.)		is high.
	Powdery mildew (<i>Uncinula</i> spp.)		Use lower rates when used in tank mixes and/or rotations with other effective fungicides.
	Sour rot complex (Disease complex) (suppression)		Sour rot complex: Apply 5.0-7.5 lbs./A. Use the lower rate when in a tank mix or
			in rotation with other fungicides registered against these diseases.
	Soil Diseases Fusarium wilt (<i>Fusarium</i> spp.)	Field Applications 40-120 oz. wt./A (2.5-7.5 lbs./A)	See application instruction for in-furrow, shanked-in, injected, tray drench, transplant water or
	Phytophthora root rot (Phytophthora spp.)	Greenhouse Applications 2.5-7.5 lbs./100 gallons water	soil drench applications.
	Pythium damping off (<i>Pythium</i> spp.)		
	Rhizoctonia root rot (Rhizoctonia spp.)		

*Not registered for use in California

CROP	TARGET DISEASES	PRODUCT USE RATE PER APPLICATION	APPLICATION DIRECTIONS
Hemp Cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these	Foliar Diseases Anthracnose (<i>Colletotrichum</i> spp.)	Field Applications 40-120 oz. wt./A (2.5-7.5 lbs./A)	Begin applications prior to infection and continue on a 5-14 day interval as needed.
	Botrytis gray mold (<i>Botrytis</i> spp.)	Greenhouse Applications 2.5-7.5 lbs./100 gallons water	Use higher rate and shorter intervals when disease pressure is high.
	Brown blight (<i>Alternaria</i> spp.)		Use lower rates when used in tank mixes and/or rotations with other effective
	Downy mildew (Pseudoperonospora spp.)		fungicides.
	Soil Diseases Fusarium wilt (<i>Fusarium</i> spp.)	Field Applications 40-120 oz. wt./A (2.5-7.5 lbs./A)	See application instruction for in-furrow, shanked-in, injected, tray drench, transplant water or soil drench
	Phytophthora root rot (Phytophthora spp.)	Greenhouse Applications 2.5-7.5 lbs./100 gallons water	applications.
	Pythium damping off (<i>Pythium</i> spp.)		Ÿ
	Rhizoctonia root rot (Rhizoctonia spp.)		

Allspice Alternaria leaf blight Angelica Alternaria leaf blight (Alternaria spp.) 40-120 oz. wt/A (2.5-7.5 lb./100 gallons water and continue on a 5-14 da interval as needed. Annatto (seed) Anthracnose (Collectrichum spp.) Gray mold (Botrytis spp.) Greenhouse Applications 2.5-7.5 lbs/100 gallons water Use higher rate and shorts interval swhen disease pressu is high. Chamomile Cararway, black Caraway, black Chive Chinese Chive Chinese Clary Coriander leaf (clantro or Chinese parsley) Field Applications 40-120 oz. wt/A (2.5-7.5 lbs./100 gallons water See application instruction fn in-furow, shanked-in, inject tray drench, transplant water soil drench applications. Currin Curry (leaf) Dill Fennel (common) Fennel, Florence (seed) Fennereex Lawage Field Applications (CROP	TARGET DISEASES	PRODUCT USE RATE PER APPLICATION	APPLICATION DIRECTIONS
Clary buds (Phytophthora spp.) 2.5-7.5 lbs./100 gallons water Coriander leaf (cilantro or Chinese parsley) (Pythium damping off (Pythium spp.) Coriander seed (cilantro) Culantro Curvi (leaf) Dill Fennel, forence (seed) Fennel, Forence (seed) Forence (seed) Fo	Caraway Caraway, black Cardamom Cassia Catnip Celery seed Chervil (dried) Chive Chive, Chinese Cinnamon	Alternaria leaf blight (Alternaria spp.) Anthracnose (Collectrichum spp.) Gray mold (Botrytis spp.) Soil Diseases Fusarium wilt (Fusarium spp.)	Field Applications 40-120 oz. wt/A (2.5-7.5 lb/A) Greenhouse Applications 2.5-7.5 lbs./100 gallons water Field Applications 40-120 oz. wt/A (2.5-7.5 lbs./A)	Use higher rate and shorter intervals when disease pressure is high. Use lower rates when used in tank mixes and/ or rotations with other effective fungicides, See application instruction for in-furrow, shanked-in, injected, tray drench, transplant water or
	Coriander leaf (cilantro or Chinese parsley) Coriander seed (cilantro) Culantro Curny (leaf) Dill Fennel (common) Fennel, Florence (seed) Fenugreek Juniper berry Lavender Lemongrass Lovage Mace	(Phytophthora spp.) Pythium damping off (Pythium spp.) Rhizoctonia root rot (Rhizoctonia spp.)		
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COOLSPECIEIC DIPECTIONS (CONTINUED)

CROP	TARGET DISEASES	PRODUCT USE RATE PER APPLICATION	APPLICATION DIRECTIONS
Herbs and Spices <i>(cont.)</i> Marigold Marjoram	Foliar Diseases Alternaria leaf blight (<i>Alternaria</i> spp.)	Field Applications 40-120 oz. wt/A (2.5-7.5 lb./A)	Begin applications prior to infection and continue on a 5-14 day interval as needed.
Mustard (seed) Nutmeg Parsley Pepper Poppy (seed) Rosemary Rue	Anthracnose (<i>Colletotrichum</i> spp.) Gray mold (<i>Botrytis</i> spp.)	Greenhouse Applications 2.5-7.5 lbs./100 gallons water	Use higher rate and shorter intervals when disease pressure is high. Use lower rates when used in tank mixes and/ or rotations with other effective fungicides.
Saffron Sage Savory, summer and winter Sweet bay Tarragon Thyme Vanilla Wintergreen Cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these	Soil Diseases Fusarium wilt (<i>Fusarium</i> spp.) Phytophthora root rot (<i>Phytophthora</i> spp.) Pythium damping off (<i>Pythium</i> spp.) Rhizoctonia root rot (<i>Rhizoctonia</i> spp.)	Field Applications 40-120 oz. wt/A (2.5-7.5 lbs/A) Greenhouse Applications 2.5-7.5 lbs/100 gallons water	See application instruction for in-furrow, shanked-in, injected, tray drench, transplant water or soil drench applications.

CROP	TARGET DISEASES	PRODUCT USE RATE PER APPLICATION	APPLICATION DIRECTIONS
Hops	Foliar Diseases Downy mildew (Peronospora spp.)	Field Applications 40-120 oz. wt./A (2.5-7.5 lbs./A)	Begin applications prior to infection and continue on a 5-14 day interval as needed.
	Grey mold (<i>Botrytis</i> spp.) Powdery mildew	Greenhouse Applications 2.5-7.5 lbs./100 gallons water	Use higher rate and shorter intervals when disease pressure is high.
	(Sphaerotheca spp.)		Use lower rates when used in tank mixes and/or rotations with other effective fungicides.
	Soil Diseases Fusarium wilt (<i>Fusarium</i> spp.)	Field Applications 40-120 oz. wt./A (2.5-7.5 lbs./A)	See application instruction for in-furrow, shanked-in, injected, tray drench, transplant water or
	Phytophthora root rot (<i>Phytophthora</i> spp.)	Greenhouse Applications 2.5-7.5 lbs./100 gallons water	soil drench applications.
	Pythium damping off (<i>Pythium</i> spp.)		
	Rhizoctonia root rot (Rhizoctonia spp.)		

CROP	TARGET DISEASES	PRODUCT USE RATE PER APPLICATION	APPLICATION DIRECTIONS
Leafy vegetables (except Brassica) Amaranth	Foliar Diseases Alternaria leaf spot (<i>Alternaria</i> spp.)	Field Applications 40-120 oz. wt./A (2.5-7.5 lbs./A)	Begin applications prior to infection and continue on a 5-14 day interval as needed
Arugula Cardoon Celery, Celery, Chinese Celtuce Chervil Chrysanthemum, edible-leaved Chrysanthemum, garland Corn salad cress, garden cress, upland	Anthracnose (<i>Microdochium</i> spp.) Botrytis gray mold (<i>Botrytis</i> spp.) Downy mildew (<i>Bremia</i> spp., <i>Peronospora</i> spp.) Late blight (<i>Septoria</i> spp.) Powdery mildew	Greenhouse Applications 2.5-7.5 lbs./100 gallons water	Use higher rate and shorter intervals when disease pressure is high. Use lower rates when used in tank mixes and/or rotations with other effective fungicides,
Gress, optaind Dandelion Dock (sorrel) Endive (escarole) Fennel, Florence Lettuce, head and leaf Orach Parsley Purslane, garden Purslane, garden Purslane, winter Radicchio (red chicory) Rhubarb Spinach, New Zealand Cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these	(Erysiphe spp.) Sclerotinia head and leaf drop/ Pink rot (Sclerotinia spp.)		
	Soll Diseases Fusarium wilt (Fusarium spp.) Phytophthora root rot (Phytophthora spp.) Pythium damping off (Pythium spp.) Rhizoctonia root rot (Rhizoctonia spp.) Sclerotinia wilt (Sclerotinia spp.) Southern blight (Athelia spp.)	Field Applications 40-120 oz. wt/A (2.5-7.5 lbs/A) Greenhouse Applications 2.5-7.5 lbs/100 gallons water	See application instruction for in-furrow, shanked-in, injected, tray drench, transplant water or soil drench applications.

CROP	TARGET DISEASES	PRODUCT USE RATE PER APPLICATION	APPLICATION DIRECTIONS
Legume vegetables (succulent and dried beans and peas, except soybean)	Foliar Diseases Alternaria blight (<i>Alternaria</i> spp.)	Field Applications 40-120 oz. wt/A (2.5-7.5 lbs./A)	Begin applications prior to infectio and continue on a 5-14 day interval as needed
Asparagus Bean (Lupinus spp.) (includes Grain Lupin, Sweet lupin, White lupin, and White sweet lupin) Bean (Phaseolus spp.) (includes Field bean, Kidney bean, Lima bean, Navy bean, Pinto bean, Runner bean, Snap bean, Tepary bean, Wax bean) Bean (Vigna spp.) (includes Adzuki bean, Asparagus bean, Black-eyed pea, Catjang, Chinese long bean, Cowpea, Crowder pea, Moth bean, Mung bean, Rice bean, Southern pea, Urd bean, Rice bean, Southern pea, Urd bean, Yardlong bean) Broad bean (fava bean) Chickpea (garbanzo bean) Lentil Pea (Pisum spp.) (includes Dwarf pea, Edible-pod pea, Endish pea, Field pea, Garden	Anthracnose (Colletotrichum spp.) Ascochyta blight (Ascochyta spp.) Botrytis gray mold (Botrytis spp.) Downy mildew (Peronospore spp.) Gray mold (Botrytis spp.) Powdery mildew (Errysiphe spp.) Southern blight (Athelia spp.) Web blight (Rhizoctonia spp.) White mold/Sclerotinia stem rot (Sclerotinia spp.)	Greenhouse Applications 2.5-7.5 lbs./100 gallons water	Use higher rate and shorter intervals when disease pressure is high. Use lower rates when used in tank mixes and/or rotations with other effective fungicides.
pea, English pea, Heid pea, Garden pea, Green pea, Snow pea, Sugar snap pea) Pigeon pea All above in both succulent and dry form. Cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these	Soil Diseases Fusarium wilt (<i>Fusarium</i> spp.) Phytophthora sop.) Pythium damping off (<i>Pythium</i> spp.) Rhizoctonia root rot (<i>Rhizoctonia</i> spp.) White mold/Sclerotinia stem rot (<i>Sclerotinia</i> spp.)	Field Applications 40-120 oz. wt/A (2.5-7.5 lbs/A) Greenhouse Applications 2.5-7.5 lbs./100 gallons water	See application instruction for in-furrow, shanked-in, injected, tray drench, transplant water or soil drench applications.
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COOLSPECIEIC DIPECTIONS (CONTINUED)

CROP	TARGET DISEASES	PRODUCT USE RATE PER APPLICATION	APPLICATION DIRECTIONS
Mint	Foliar Diseases Downy mildew (Peronospora spp.) Powdery mildew (Erysiphe spp.)	Field Applications 40-120 oz. wt/A (2.5-7.5 lbs/A) Greenhouse Applications 2.5-7.5 lbs./100 gallons water	Begin applications prior to infection and continue on a 5-14 day interval as needed. Use higher rate and shorter intervals when disease pressure is high. Use lower rates when used in tank mixes and/or rotations with other
	Soil Diseases Fusarium wilt (<i>Fusarium</i> spp.) Phytophthora root rot (<i>Phytophthora</i> spp.) Pythium damping off	Field Applications 40-120 oz. wt/A (2.5-7.5 lbs./A) Greenhouse Applications 2.5-7.5 lbs./100 gallons water	effective fungicides, See application instruction for in-furrow, shanked-in, injected, tray drench, transplant water or soil drench applications.
	(<i>Pythium</i> spp.) Rhizoctonia root rot (<i>Rhizoctonia</i> spp.)		

CROP	TARGET DISEASES	PRODUCT USE RATE PER APPLICATION	APPLICATION DIRECTIONS
Nongrass Animal Feeds for forage, fodder, straw and hay Alfalfa	Foliar Diseases Anthracnose (Colletotrichum spp.)	Field Applications 40-120 oz. wt/A (2.5-7.5 lbs./A)	Begin applications prior to infection and continue on a 5-14 day interval as needed
Bean, velvet Clover (Trifolium spp., Melilotus spp.) Kudzu Lespedeza Lupin Sainfoin Trefoil Vetch, Vetch, cown Vetch, milk	Downy mildew (Peronospora spp.) Powdery mildew (Erysiphe spp.) Rhizoctonia blight (Rhizoctonia spp.) Rust* (Puccinia spp.) White mold/Sclerotinia crown and stem rot (Sclerotinia spp.)	Greenhouse Applications 2.5-7.5 lbs./100 galons water	Use higher rate and shorter intervals when disease pressure is high. Use lower rates when used in tank mixes and/or rotations with other effective fungicides.
	Soil Diseases Fusarium wilt (<i>Fusarium</i> spp.) Phytophthora root rot (<i>Phytophthora</i> spp.) Pythium damping off (<i>Pythium</i> spp.) Rhizoctonia root rot (<i>Rhizoctonia</i> spp.)	Field Applications 40-120 oz. wt/A (2.5-7.5 lbs/A) Greenhouse Applications 2.5-7.5 lbs/100 gallons water	See application instruction for in-furrow, shanked-in, injected, tray drench, transplant water or soil drench applications.

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CROP	CROP-SPECIFIC DIF	PRODUCT USE RATE PER	APPLICATION DIRECTIONS
CROP	TARGET DISEASES	APPLICATION	APPLICATION DIRECTIONS
Oilseed crops (except cotton and peanut)	Foliar Diseases Alternaria leaf spot	Field Applications 40-120 oz. wt./A	Begin applications prior to infection and continue on a 5-14 day
Castor oil plant Chinese tallowtree Cottonseed Crambe Cuphea Echium Euphotbia Evening primrose Flax seed	(Alternaria spp.) Blackspot (Alternaria spp.) Powdery mildew (<i>Erysiphe</i> spp.) White mold/Sclerotinia crown and stem rot (<i>Sclerotinia</i> spp.)	(2.5-7.5 lbs./A) Greenhouse Applications 2.5-7.5 lbs./100 gallons water	Interval as needed Use higher rate and shorter intervals when disease pressure is high. Use lower rates when used in tank mixes and/or rotations with other effective fungicides.
Jojoba Milkweed Mustard seed Poppy seed Rapeseed Rose hip Safflower Sesame Sunflower Sweet rocket Tallowwood Tea oij plant Vernonia Cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these	Soil Diseases Fusarium wilt (<i>Fusarium</i> spp.) Phytophthora root rot (<i>Phytophthora</i> spp.) Pythium damping off (<i>Pythium</i> spp.) Rhizoctonia root rot (<i>Rhizoctonia</i> spp.)	Field Applications 40-120 oz. wt/A (2.5-7.5 lbs./A) Greenhouse Applications 2.5-7.5 lbs./100 gallons water	See application instruction for in-furrow, shanked-in, injected, tray drench, transplant water or soil drench applications.
CROP	TARGET DISEASES	PRODUCT USE RATE PER APPLICATION	APPLICATION DIRECTIONS
Olives	Soil Diseases Fusarium wilt (<i>Fusarium</i> spp.) Phytophthora root rot (<i>Phytophthora</i> spp.) Pythium damping off	Field Applications 40-120 oz. wt/A (2.5-7.5 lbs/A) Greenhouse Applications 2.5-7.5 lbs/100 gallons water	See application instruction for in-furrow, shanked-in, injected, tray drench, transplant water or soil drench applications.
	(<i>Pythium</i> spp.) Rhizoctonia root rot (<i>Rhizoctonia</i> spp.)		

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CROP	TARGET DISEASES	PRODUCT USE RATE PER APPLICATION	APPLICATION DIRECTIONS
Peanut	Foliar Diseases Alternaria leaf blight/ leaf spot (<i>Alternaria</i> spp.)	Field Applications 40-120 oz. wt./A (2.5-7.5 lbs./A)	Begin applications prior to infection and continue on a 7-14 day interval as needed.
	Anthracnose (Colletotrichum spp.)	Greenhouse Applications 2.5-7.5 lbs./100 gallons water	Use higher rate and shorter intervals when disease pressure
	Botrytis blight (Botrytis spp.)		is high. Use lower rates when used in tank
	Southern blight/stem rot (Sclerotium spp.)		mixes and/or rotations with other effective fungicides.
	White mold (Sclerotium spp.)		
	Soil Diseases Fusarium wilt (<i>Fusarium</i> spp.)	Field Applications 40-120 oz. wt./A (2.5-7.5 lbs./A)	See application instruction for in-furrow, shanked-in, injected, tray drench, transplant water or
	Phytophthora root rot (<i>Phytophthora</i> spp.)	Greenhouse Applications 2.5-7.5 lbs./100 gallons water	soil drench applications.
	Pythium damping off (<i>Pythium</i> spp.)		
	Rhizoctonia limb rot (<i>Rhizoctonia</i> spp.)		
	Southern blight/stem rot (Sclerotium spp.)		
	White mold (Sclerotium spp.)		

CROP	TARGET DISEASES	PRODUCT USE RATE PER APPLICATION	APPLICATION DIRECTIONS
Pome Fruits Apple	Foliar Diseases Alternaria blotch (<i>Alternaria</i> spp.)	Field Applications 40-120 oz. wt/A (2.5-7.5 lbs/A)	Begin applications prior to infection and continue on a 5–14 day interval as needed
Crabapple Loquat Mayhaw Pear Pear, oriental Quince	Anthracnose (<i>Colletotrichum</i> spp.)	Greenhouse Applications 2.5-7.5 lbs./100 gallons water	Use higher rate and shorter intervals when disease pressure is high.
	Bitter rot (Colletotrichum spp.)		Use lower rates when used in tank
	Bot rot (<i>Botryosphaeria</i> spp.)		mixes and/or rotations with other effective fungicides.
	Botrytis gray mold (<i>Botrytis</i> spp.)		
	Fire blight (<i>Erwinia</i> spp.)		
	Powdery mildew (Podosphaera spp.)		
	Scab (Venturia spp.)		
	Soil Diseases Fusarium wilt (<i>Fusarium</i> spp.)	Field Applications 40-120 oz. wt./A (2.5-7.5 lbs./A)	See application instruction for in-furrow, shanked-in, injected, tray drench, transplant water or
	Phytophthora root rot (Phytophthora spp.)	Greenhouse Applications 2.5-7.5 lbs./100 gallons water	soil drench applications.
	Pythium damping off (<i>Pythium</i> spp.)		
	Rhizoctonia root rot (Rhizoctonia spp.)		

CROP	TARGET DISEASES	PRODUCT USE RATE PER APPLICATION	APPLICATION DIRECTIONS
Pomegranate	Foliar Diseases Botrytis gray mold (<i>Botrytis</i> spp.)	Field Applications 40-120 oz. wt/A (2.5-7.5 lbs/A)	Alternaria fruit rot/Black heart and Botrytis gray mold: begin applications prior to infection and
		Greenhouse Applications 2.5-7.5 lbs./100 gallons water	continue on a 7-10 day interval as needed.
			Use higher rate and shorter intervals when disease pressure is high.
			Use lower rates when used in tank mixes and/or rotations with other effective fungicides.
	Soil Diseases Fusarium wilt (<i>Fusarium</i> spp.)	Field Applications 80 oz. wt/A (5 lbs./A)	See application instruction for in-furrow, shanked-in, injected, tray drench, transplant water or soil drench applications.
	Phytophthora root rot (Phytophthora spp.)	Greenhouse Applications 2.5-7.5 lbs./100 gallons water	
	Pythium damping off (<i>Pythium</i> spp.)		
	Rhizoctonia root rot (<i>Rhizoctonia</i> spp.)		



CROP	TARGET DISEASES	PRODUCT USE RATE PER APPLICATION	APPLICATION DIRECTIONS
Root and Tuber vegetables Arrowroot Artichoke. Chinese	Foliar Diseases Alternaria leaf spot (<i>Alternaria</i> spp.)	Field Applications 40-120 oz. wt./A (2.5-7.5 lbs./A)	Begin applications prior to infection and continue on a 5-14 day interval as needed
Artichoke, Jerusalem Beet, garden Beet, sugar Burdox, edible; Canna, edible Carrot Cassava, bitter and sweet Celeriac (celery root) Chayote (root) Chayote (root) Chicory Chufa Dasheen (taro) Ginger Ginseng	Black dot (<i>Colletotrichum</i> spp.) Gray mold (<i>Botrytis</i> spp.) Brown spot and black pit (<i>Alternaria</i> spp.) Downy mildew (<i>Peronspora</i> spp.) Early blight (<i>Alternaria</i> spp.) Powdery Mildew (<i>Erysiphe</i> spp.)	Greenhouse Applications 2.5-7.5 lbs./100 gallons water	Use higher rate and shorter intervals when disease pressure is high. Use lower rates when used in tank mixes and/or rotations with other effective fungicides,
Horseradish Parsley, turnip-rooted	Rhizoctonia stem canker crown rot and rot (<i>Rhizoctonia</i> spp.)		
Parsnip Potato Radish Radish, oriental (daikon) Rutabaga Salsify Sweet potato Tanier (occoyam) Turmeric Turmip Yam Cuttivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these	Soil Diseases Black sourf (Rhizoctonia spp.) Cavity spot (Pythium spp.) Fusarium wilt (Fusarium wilt (Fusarium spp.) Phytophthora root rot (Phytophthora spp.) Pythium damping off (Pythium spp.)	Broadcast, Drip and Drench Applications 40-120 oz. wt/A (2.5-7.5 lbs./A) Greenhouse Applications 2.5-7.5 lbs./100 gallons water	See application instruction for in-furrow, shanked-in, injected, tray drench, transplant water or soil drench applications. Potato seed Piece Treatment: Apply 0.25 – 0.5 lb/CTW of seed pieces

CROP	TARGET DISEASES	PRODUCT USE RATE PER APPLICATION	APPLICATION DIRECTIONS
Soybean (including Edamame)	Foliar Diseases Alternaria leaf spot (<i>Alternaria</i> spp.)	Field Applications 40-120 oz. wt./A (2.5-7.5 lbs./A)	Begin applications prior to infection and continue on a 5-14 day interval as needed
	Anthracnose (Colletotrichum spp.)	Greenhouse Applications 2.5-7.5 lbs./100 gallons water	Use higher rate and shorter intervals when disease pressure
	Botrytis gray mold (<i>Botrytis</i> spp.)	Use k	is high. Use lower rates when used in tank
	Downy mildew (Peronospora spp.)		mixes and/or rotations with other effective fungicides.
	Powdery mildew (Erysiphe spp., Microsphaera sp	p.)	
	Rhizoctonia aerial blight and web blight (<i>Rhizoctonia</i> spp.)		
	Target spot (Corynespora spp.)		
	White mold (Sclerotinia spp.)		
	Soil Diseases Fusarium wilt (<i>Fusarium</i> spp.)	Field Applications 40-120 oz. wt./A (2.5-7.5 lbs./A)	See application instruction for in-furrow, shanked-in, injected, tray drench, transplant water or
	Phytophthora root rot (Phytophthora spp.)	Greenhouse Applications 2.5-7.5 lbs./100 gallons water	soil drench applications.
	Pythium damping off (<i>Pythium</i> spp.)		
	Rhizoctonia root rot (Rhizoctonia spp.)		

CROP	TARGET DISEASES	PRODUCT USE RATE PER APPLICATION	APPLICATION DIRECTIONS
Stone Fruits Apricot Apricot, Japanese Capulin Cherry, black Cherry, Nanking	Foliar Diseases Alternaria spot/Fruit rot (<i>Alternaria</i> spp.)	Field Applications 40-120 oz. wt/A (2.5-7.5 lbs./A)	Begin applications prior to infection and continue on a 5-14 day interval as needed
	Anthracnose (<i>Colletotrichum</i> spp.) Blossom blight	Greenhouse Applications 2.5-7.5 lbs./100 gallons water	Use higher rate and shorter intervals when disease pressure is high.
Cherry, sweet Cherry, tart Jujube, Chinese	(<i>Monilinia</i> spp.) Botrytis gray mold		Use lower rates when used in tank mixes and/or rotations with other
Nectarine Peach	(<i>Botrytis</i> spp.) Brown rot of fruit		effective fungicides.
Plum Plum,	(Monilinia spp.) Cherry leaf spot		
Plumcot Sloe Cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids	(Blumeriella spp.)		
of these	Powdery mildew (Sphaerotheca spp., Podosphaera spp.)		*
	Rusty spot (Podosphaera spp.)		
	Scab (Cladosporium spp.)		
	Shot hole (Wilsonomyces spp.)		
	Soil Diseases Fusarium wilt (<i>Fusarium</i> spp.)	Field Applications 40-120 oz. wt./A (2.5-7.5 lbs./A)	See application instruction for in-furrow, shanked-in, injected, tray drench, transplant water or
	Phytophthora root rot (Phytophthora spp.)	Greenhouse Applications 2.5-7.5 lbs./100 gallons water	soil drench applications.
	Pythium damping off (<i>Pythium</i> spp.)		
	Rhizoctonia root rot (<i>Rhizoctonia</i> spp.)		

CROP	TARGET DISEASES	PRODUCT USE RATE PER APPLICATION	APPLICATION DIRECTIONS
Strawberry	Foliar Diseases Alternaria fruit rot/black leaf spot (Alternaria spp.)	Field Applications 40-120 oz. wt./A (2.5-7.5 lbs./A)	Begin applications prior to infection and continue on a 5-14 day interval as needed
	Anthracnose (Colletotrichum spp.)	Greenhouse Applications 2.5-7.5 lbs./100 gallons water	Use higher rate and shorter intervals when disease pressure
	Botrytis gray mold (<i>Botrytis</i> spp.)		is high. Use lower rates when used in tank
	Charcoal rot (Macrophomina spp.)		mixes and/or rotations with other effective fungicides.
	Common leaf spot (Mycosphaerella spp.)		
	Downy mildew (<i>Peronospora</i> spp.)		
	Leather rot (Phytophthora spp.)		
	Pestalotiopsis leaf spot, root and crown rot* (<i>Neopestalotiopsis</i> spp.)		
	Powdery mildew (Sphaerotheca spp., Erysiphe spp	,	
	Soil Diseases Charcoal rot (Macrophomina spp.)	Field Applications 40-120 oz wt./A (2.5-7.5 lbs./A)	See application instruction for in-furrow, shanked-in, injected, tray drench, transplant water or
	Fusarium wilt (<i>Fusarium</i> spp.)	Greenhouse Applications 2.5-7.5 lbs./100 gallons water	soil drench applications.
	Phytophthora root rot (Phytophthora spp.)	7	
	Pythium damping off (Pythium spp.)		
	Rhizoctonia root rot (Rhizoctonia spp.)		

*Not registered for use in California

CROP	TARGET DISEASES	PRODUCT USE RATE PER APPLICATION	APPLICATION DIRECTIONS
Sugarcane	Soil Diseases Fusarium wilt (<i>Fusarium</i> spp.)	Field Applications 40-120 oz. wt./A (2.5-7.5 lbs./A)	See application instruction for in-furrow, shanked-in, injected, tray drench, transplant water or
	Phytophthora root rot (<i>Phytophthora</i> spp.)	Greenhouse Applications 2.5-7.5 lbs./100 gallons water	soil drench applications.
	Pythium damping off (<i>Pythium</i> spp.)		
	Rhizoctonia root rot (<i>Rhizoctonia</i> spp.)		
CROP	TARGET DISEASES	PRODUCT USE RATE PER APPLICATION	APPLICATION DIRECTIONS
Tobacco	Foliar Diseases Alternaria leaf spot (<i>Alternaria</i> spp.)	Field Applications 40-120 oz. wt/A (2.5-7.5 lbs./A)	Begin applications prior to infection and continue on a 5-14 day interval as needed.
	Anthracnose (<i>Colletotrichum</i> spp.)	Greenhouse Applications 2.5-7.5 lbs./100 gallons water	Use higher rate and shorter intervals when disease pressure is high.
	Brown spot (<i>Alternaria</i> spp.) Blue mold		Use lower rates when used in tank mixes and/or rotations with other
	(<i>Peronospora</i> spp.) Botrytis gray mold		effective fungicides.
	(<i>Botrytis</i> spp.) Collar rot (<i>Sclerotinia</i> spp.)		
	Powdery mildew (<i>Erysiphe</i> spp.)		
	Target spot (<i>Rhizoctonia</i> spp.)		(continued)

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CROP	TARGET DISEASES	PRODUCT USE RATE PER APPLICATION	APPLICATION DIRECTIONS		
Tobacco (cont.)	Black shank 40-120 oz	Field Applications 40-120 oz. wt./A (2.5-7.5 lbs./A)	See application instruction for in-furrow, shanked-in, injected, tray drench, transplant water or		
	Charcoal rot (Macrophomina spp.)	Greenhouse Applications 2.5-7.5 lbs./100 gallons water	soil drench applications.		
	Fusarium wilt (<i>Fusarium</i> spp.)				
	Pythium damping off (<i>Pythium</i> spp.)				
	Rhizoctonia root rot (<i>Rhizoctonia</i> spp.)				
	Southern blight (Sclerotium spp.)				

CROP	TARGET DISEASES	PRODUCT USE RATE PER APPLICATION	APPLICATION DIRECTIONS
Tree Nuts	Foliar Diseases	Field Applications	Begin applications prior to infection
Almond Beechnut	Alternaria leaf spot (<i>Alternaria</i> spp.)	40-120 oz. wt/A (2.5-7.5 lbs./A)	and continue on a 5-14 day interval as needed.
Brazil nut Butternut	Anthracnose (Colletotrichum spp.)	Greenhouse Applications 2.5-7.5 lbs./100 gallons water	Use higher rate and shorter intervals when disease pressure
Candlenut Cashew Chestnut	Botryosphaeria blight (<i>Botryosphaeria</i> spp.)		is high. Use lower rates when used in tank mixes and/or rotations with other
Coconut Ginkgo	Botrytis gray mold (<i>Botrytis</i> spp.)		effective fungicides.
Hazelnut (filbert) Hickory nut Japanese horse-Chestnut	Blossom blight/Brown rot (Monilinia spp.)		
Macadamia nut Pecan	Pecan scab (<i>Cladosporium</i> spp.)		
Pine nut Walnut	Shot hole (Wilsonomyces spp.)		
Cultivars varieties, and/or hybrids of these	Soil Diseases Fusarium wilt (<i>Fusarium</i> spp.)	Field Applications 40-120 oz. wt/A (2.5-7.5 lbs./A)	See application instruction for in-furrow, shanked-in, injected, tray drench, transplant water or soil
	Phytophthora root rot (Phytophthora spp.)	Greenhouse Applications 2.5-7.5 lbs./100 gallons water	drench applications.
	Pythium damping off (<i>Pythium</i> spp.)		
	Rhizoctonia root rot (<i>Rhizoctonia</i> spp.)		

CROP	TARGET DISEASES	PRODUCT USE RATE PER APPLICATION	APPLICATION DIRECTIONS
Watercresss	Soil Diseases Fusarium wilt (<i>Fusarium</i> spp.) Phytophthora root rot (<i>Phytophthora</i> spp.)	Field Applications 40-120 oz. wt/A (2.5-7.5 lbs./A) Greenhouse Applications 2.5-7.5 lbs./100 gallons water	See application instruction for in-furrow, shanked-in, injected, tray drench, transplant water or soil drench applications.
	Pythium damping off (<i>Pythium</i> spp.)		
	Rhizoctonia root rot (<i>Rhizoctonia</i> spp.)		

TROPICAL FRUITS CROP-SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS (CONTINUED)

CROP	TARGET DISEASES	PRODUCT USE RATE PER APPLICATION	APPLICATION DIRECTIONS
Avocado and Mango	Foliar Diseases Alternaria leaf spot (<i>Alternaria</i> spp)	Field Applications 40-120 oz. wt./A (2.5-7.5 lbs./A)	Begin applications prior to infection and continue on a 5–14 day interval as needed
	Anthracnose (Colletotrichum spp.)	Greenhouse Applications 2.5-7.5 lbs./100 gallons water	Use higher rate and shorter intervals when disease pressure
	Fruit rot (<i>Botrytis</i> spp.) Powdery mildew (<i>Oidium</i> spp.)		is high. Use lower rates when used in tank mixes and/or rotations with other effective fungicides.
	Rusty spot (<i>Colletotrichum</i> spp.) Bacterial canker		Bacterial diseases: Apply 5.0-7.5 lbs/A. Use the lower rate when in a tank mix or
	(Xanthomonas spp.) (suppression)		in rotation with other fungicides registered against these diseases.

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CROP	TARGET DISEASES	PRODUCT USE RATE PER APPLICATION	APPLICATION DIRECTIONS
Avocado and Mango (cont.)	Soil Diseases Fusarium wilt (<i>Fusarium</i> spp.)	Field Applications 40-120 oz. wt./A (2.5-7.5 lbs./A)	See application instruction for in-furrow, shanked-in, injected, tray drench, transplant water or
	Phytophthora root rot/ crown rot (<i>Phytophthora</i> spp.)	Greenhouse Applications 2.5-7.5 lbs./100 gallons water	soil drench applications.
	Pythium damping off/ root rot (<i>Pythium</i> spp.)		
	Rhizoctonia seed/ root rot (<i>Rhizoctonia</i> spp.)		
CROP	TARGET DISEASES	PRODUCT USE RATE PER APPLICATION	APPLICATION DIRECTIONS
Bananas and Plantains	Foliar Diseases Anthracnose (Colletotrichum spp.)	Field Applications 40-120 oz. wt./A (2.5-7.5 lbs./A)	Begin applications prior to infection and continue on a 5-14 day interval as needed.
	Brown blotch* (Neopestalotiopsis spp.)	Greenhouse Applications 2.5-7.5 lbs./100 gallons water	Use higher rate and shorter intervals when disease pressure is high.
			Use lower rates when used in tank mixes and/or rotations with other effective fungicides.
	Soil Diseases Phytophthora root rot (Phytophthora spp.)	Field Applications 40-120 oz. wt./A (2.5-7.5 lbs./A)	See application instruction for in-furrow, shanked-in, injected, tray drench, transplant water or
	Pythium damping off (<i>Pythium</i> spp.)	Greenhouse Applications 2.5-7.5 lbs./100 gallons water	soil drench applications.
	Rhizoctonia root rot (Rhizoctonia spp.)		

*Not registered for use in California

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CROP	TARGET DISEASES	PRODUCT USE RATE PER APPLICATION	APPLICATION DIRECTIONS
Kiwifruit	Foliar Diseases Botrytis fruit rot / Gray mold (<i>Botrytis</i> spp.)	Field Applications 40-120 oz. wt./A (2.5-7.5 lbs./A)	Begin applications prior to infection and continue on a 5-14 day interval as needed.
		Greenhouse Applications 2.5-7.5 lbs./100 gallons water	Use higher rate and shorter intervals when disease pressure is high.
			Use lower rates when used in tank mixes and/or rotations with other effective fungicides.
	Soil Diseases Fusarium wilt (<i>Fusarium</i> spp.)	Field Applications 40-120 oz. wt./A (2.5-7.5 lbs./A)	See application instruction for in- furrow, shanked-in, injected, tray drench, transplant water or soil
	Phytophthora root rot (<i>Phytophthora</i> spp.)	Greenhouse Applications 2.5-7.5 lbs./100 gallons water	drench applications.
	Pythium damping off (<i>Pythium</i> spp.)		
	Rhizoctonia root rot (Rhizoctonia spp.)		

CROP	TARGET DISEASES	PRODUCT USE RATE PER APPLICATION	APPLICATION DIRECTIONS
Рарауа	Foliar Diseases Alternaria fruit rot* (<i>Alternaria</i> spp.)	Field Applications 40-120 oz. wt./A (2.5-7.5 lbs./A)	Begin applications prior to infection and continue on a 5-14 day interval as needed.
	Anthracnose* (<i>Colletotrichum</i> spp.)	Greenhouse Applications 2.5-7.5 lbs./100 gallons water	Use higher rate and shorter intervals when disease pressure
	Botrytis Gray mold* (<i>Botrytis</i> spp.)		is high. Use lower rates when used in tank
	Chocolate spot* (Colletotrichum spp.)		mixes and/or rotations with other effective fungicides.
	Powdery mildew* (Erysiphae, Oidium, Sphaerotheca spp.)		
	Fruit rots caused by Ascochyta Aspergillus, Fusarium, Penicillium and Rhizopus spp.*		
	Soil Diseases Fusarium wilt* (Fusarium spp.)	Field Applications 40-120 oz. wt./A (2.5-7.5 lbs./A)	See application instruction for in-furrow, shanked-in, injected, tray drench, transplant water or
	Phytophthora root rot* (Phytophthora spp.)	Greenhouse Applications 2.5-7.5 lbs./100 gallons water	soil drench applications.
	Pythium damping off* (<i>Pythium</i> spp.)		
	Rhizoctonia root rot* (<i>Rhizoctonia</i> spp.)		

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CROP	TARGET DISEASES	PRODUCT USE RATE PER APPLICATION	APPLICATION DIRECTIONS
Pineapple	Foliar Diseases Anthracnose (<i>Colletotrichum</i> spp.)	Field Applications 40-120 oz. wt./A (2.5-7.5 lbs./A)	Begin applications prior to infection and continue on a 5-14 day interval as needed.
		Greenhouse Applications 2.5-7.5 lbs./100 gallons water	Use higher rate and shorter intervals when disease pressure is high.
			Use lower rates when used in tank mixes and/or rotations with other effective fungicides.
	Soil Diseases Fusarium wilt (<i>Fusarium</i> spp.)	Field Applications 40-120 oz. wt/A (2.5-7.5 lbs./A)	See application instruction for in-furrow, shanked-in, injected, tray drench, transplant water or soil drench
	Pythium damping off (<i>Pythium</i> spp.)	Greenhouse Applications 2.5-7.5 lbs./100 gallons water	applications.
	Rhizoctonia root rot (<i>Rhizoctonia</i> spp.)		

TURF AND ORNAMENTALS ORNAMENTAL-SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS

CROP	TARGET DISEASES	PRODUCT USE RATE PER	APPLICATION DIRECTIONS
All types of Ornamental Trees, Shrubs, Flowers, Bedding Plants and other Ornamentals	Foliar Diseases Alternaria Leaf Spot (<i>Alternaria</i> spp.)	Field Applications 40-120 oz. wt/A (2.5-7.5 lbs./A)	Begin applications prior to infection and continue on a 5-14 day interval.
Annuals and Perennials Bedding Plants Container Grown Plants Deciduous Trees and Shrubs Evergreen Trees and Shrubs Foliage Plants Ground Covers Palms Potted Flowers Tropical Foliage Woody Ornamentals	Anthracnose (Colletotrichum spp.) Downy mildew (Peronospora spp. Plasmopara spp., Bremiella spp.) Gray mold (Botrytis spp.) Powdery Mildew (Erysiphe spp., Microsphaera spp., Oidium spp., Podosphaera spp., Uncinula spp.)	Greenhouse Applications 2.5-7.5 lbs./100 gallons water	Use higher rate and shorter intervals when disease pressure is high. Use lower rates when used in tank mixes and/or rotations with other effective fungicides.
	Soil Diseases Fusarium wilt (Fusarium spp.) Phytophthora root rot (Phytophthora spp.) Pythium damping off (Pythium spp.) Rhizoctonia root.rot (Rhizoctonia spp.)	Field Applications 40-120 oz. wt/A (2.5-7.5 lbs/A) Greenhouse Applications 2.5-7.5 lbs/100 gallons water	See application instruction for in-furrow, shanked-in, injected, tray drench, transplant water or soil drench applications. Begin applications at planting and continue on a 5-14 day interval.

CROP	TARGET DISEASES	PRODUCT USE RATE PER APPLICATION	APPLICATION DIRECTIONS
Grasses grown for seed and sod production	Anthracnose (Colletotrichum spp.)	Field Applications 40-120 oz wt./A	Begin foliar applications prior to infection and continue on a 5–14 day interval as needed.
Bluegrass Bromegrass Fescue Orchard grass Ryegrass Switchgrass	Brown Patch (<i>Rhizoctonia</i> spp.)	(2.5-7.5 lbs./A)	Use higher rate and shorter intervals when disease pressure is high.
	Dollar Spot (<i>Sclerotinia</i> spp.)		Use lower rates when used in tank mixes and/or rotations with other effective fungicides.
	Ergot* (Claviceps spp.)		
	Powdery mildews (Erysiphe spp.)		
	Pythium Blight (Pythium spp.)		
	Pythium Root Rot (Pythium spp.)		
	Rusts* (<i>Puccinia</i> spp.)		
	Septoria leaf spots (Septoria spp.)		

ORNAMENTAL-SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS (CONTINUED)

*Not registered for use in California

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

DO NOT contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal. Open dumping is prohibited.

Pesticide Storage: Store in original containers only. Store in a cool, dry place and avoid excess heat. Do not contaminate other pesticides, fertilizers, water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

Pesticide Disposal: Wastes resulting from the use of this product must be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

CONTAINER HANDLING

For Plastic Drums/Totes: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Completely empty liner by shaking and tapping sides and bottom to loosen clinging particles. Empty residue into formulation equipment. Recycle if facilities for recycling are available, otherwise, dispose of in a sanitary landfill or by incineration. If drum/tote is contaminated and cannot be reused, dispose of it in the manner required for its liner.

For Bags/Pouches: Nonrefilable container. Do not reuse or refiil this container. Completely empty bag or pouch into formulation equipment. Recycle if facilities for recycling are available, otherwise, dispose of in a sanitary landfill or by incineration, or if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

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